

Name _____ Hour _____

The Americas (CH 6, 14, 15)

Vocabulary (Terms, People & Places):

1. Mesoamerica _____

2. Olmecs _____

3. Mayas _____

4. Aztecs _____

5. chinampas _____

6. Tenochtitlan _____

7. Incas _____

8. Reconquista _____

9. caravels _____

10. Columbus _____

11. Treaty of Tordesillas _____

12. Imperialism _____

13. Boers _____

14. Triangular Trade _____

15. Middle Passage _____

16. plantations _____

17. Encomienda System _____

18. inflation _____

19. port cities _____

20. mercantilism _____

21. Columbian Exchange _____

22. conquistador _____

23.Hierarchy_____

24. Step Terraces_____

QUESTIONS:

1. How were the Maya able to grow so much food? (2)
2. Create a Power Pyramid of Mayan society. (6) **include power & #s arrows*
3. Describe the Mayan Doomsday Prophecy.
 - a. What do you think of this? Explain.
4. Describe Aztec architectural , engineering & agricultural innovations. (5)
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
 - e.
5. Describe Incan architectural, engineering & agricultural innovations. (4)
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
6. Why were Spain & Portugal battling for world supremacy? (3)
7. What was the new technology available during this era? (3)
 - a. What was the impact of this technology?
8. Why was Portugal able to dominate in global exploration at first? (3)

a. What was the result for Portugal?

9. Describe Imperialism in Africa. (2)

10. Describe Imperialism in Asia.

a. Portugal (3):

b. Dutch (3):

c. England & France (3):

11. What were the goals of the Spanish Conquistadores? (3)

a. Who conquered the Aztecs?

b. Who conquered the Incas?

12. Why were the reasons for the success of the Spanish Conquistadores? (3)

13. Describe the causes of the slave trade to the Americas. (2)

14. Describe the effects of the Slave Trade. (2)

15. Using the space below, please diagram & describe Triangle Trade. (10)

16. Why do you think that the most successful cities in the Americas were port cities? Describe your answer fully, be specific.

17. What did the Spanish bring with them to the Americas? (4)

a. _____: (2)

b. _____:(2)

c. _____:

d. _____:

e. _____:(6) ***Draw a hierarchy here (power pyramid to show this)***

18. Chart the Columbian Exchange. (10)

(4)	(4)
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19. Why did Global Population explode in this era?

- a. What was the result of this to the Americas?
- b. What was the result for Native Americans?

20. Why did exports rule the economy of the world? (4) *use the formula I provided*

21. Diagram the role of colonies in mercantilism. (4)

- a. What was the role (job) of the colonies?

Short Answer:

1. The 1st MesoAmericans created _____ settlements by cultivating crops such as _____ & domesticating animals like _____.
 - a. The _____ civilization grew along the Gulf of Mexico. They used a _____-type of writing & the _____ & _____ burn technique for farming. They are also well known for their Doomsday Prophecy in which they predicted the end of the world would occur on _____. They declined around 900AD; two possible reasons are _____ & _____.
 - b. The Aztec civilization grew as large as _____ million people. Their capital was _____ which is present-day Mexico City. They were a brutal people who practiced _____ sacrifice. They invented the _____ game, a cross between basketball & soccer. Their smart farming technique was the use of _____, or floating farmlands.
 - c. The _____ civilization was centered in South America along the _____ Mountains. Their capital city was _____. They had such a large empire that they used _____ to connect the peoples. Their smart farming technique was the creation of _____ along mountainsides. They also excelled in _____ & _____. One of their most famous cities was _____, or the “city in the clouds.”
2. King _____ & Queen _____ of _____ forced _____ out of Spain during the _____. _____ were also persecuted.
3. Europeans wanted _____ from Asia, & they wanted them _____.

4. The _____ meant cheaper books & maps, _____ allowed cannons to be put on _____, & naval technology improved, especially in the design of bigger & faster ships, called _____.
 a. Prince _____ set up a _____ for sailors in _____. This allowed the Portuguese to dominate global exploration at first.
5. _____ was sponsored by the Spanish in order to compete with the Portuguese. He landed in the _____ in the year _____ but thought he had made it to _____.
6. The entire world was competing to control global trade & to set up _____ in other countries or continents. _____ was a result of this in which countries competed for domination.
7. Spanish Conquistadores wanted _____, _____ & _____ in the Americas. Cortes conquered the _____ by using their _____ against them. This proves the saying “the enemy of my _____ is my _____.”
 a. Pizzaro conquered the _____ in _____.
 b. The Spanish also brought _____ & _____ with them to the Americas that helped them conquer the natives so easily. These had never been seen before in the Americas.
8. _____ was the first British colony set up in 1608 in _____.
9. Slaves were imported from _____ to the Americas because of the decreased population of _____ whose population had been decimated by _____. American _____ required large amounts of labor for crops such as _____. The voyage of the African slaves to the Americas is known as _____. As many as _____ million Africans were forced into slavery.
10. The most successful cities in the Americas were _____.
11. The Spanish brought their religion of _____ with them as well as the _____ system.
12. With the _____ exchange, we now saw the global exchange of _____, _____, _____, _____ & _____.
13. Due to the rise of exports, citizens had more _____ to invest. This led people to pool their profits together into _____.